

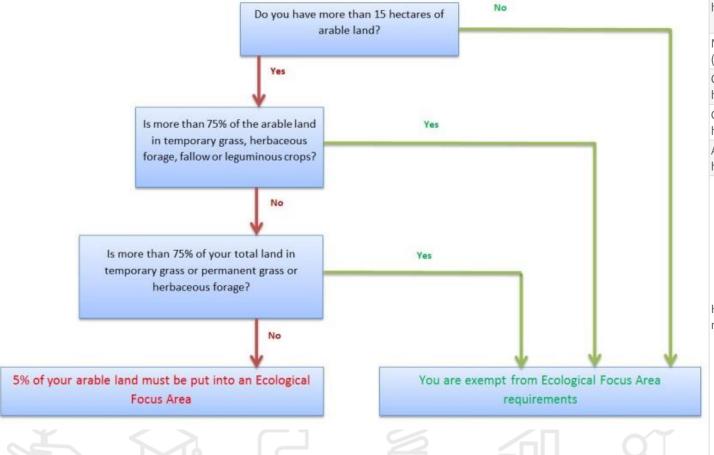
Ecological Focus Area - Uptake Analysis Land Use Transformations Quantitative Story Telling Phase 1

Keith Matthews, Doug Wardell-Johnson, Dave Miller, Mostafa Tavana Presentation to QST Steering Group – RPID staff, 28th April 2023, Online.



EFA Rules (2019)





EFA	Location	EFA option code	EFA contribution
Fallow (area in hectares)	On arable land	EFAFAL	1
Margins (area in hectares)	On, adjacent to or within five metres of arable land or contiguous to a claimed EFA option	EFAM	1.5
Nitrogen-fixing crops (area in hectares)	On arable land	EFA-NFIX	1
Catch crop (area in hectares)	On arable land	EFACC	0.3
Green cover(area in hectares)	On arable land	EFAGC	0.3
Agro-forestry (area in hectares)	On BPS eligible land in 2015	EFAAF	1
Hedges (length in metres)	On, adjacent to, or within five metres of arable land or contiguous to a claimed EFA option: Hedges (length in metres) If the producer has the right to claim the whole (eligible) hedge the EFA contribution to be applied is	EFAH100	10 m2
	On, adjacent to, or within five metres of arable land or contiguous to a claimed EFA option: Hedges (length in metres) If the producer has the right to claim only half the hedge the EFA contribution to be applied is	EFAH50	5 m2

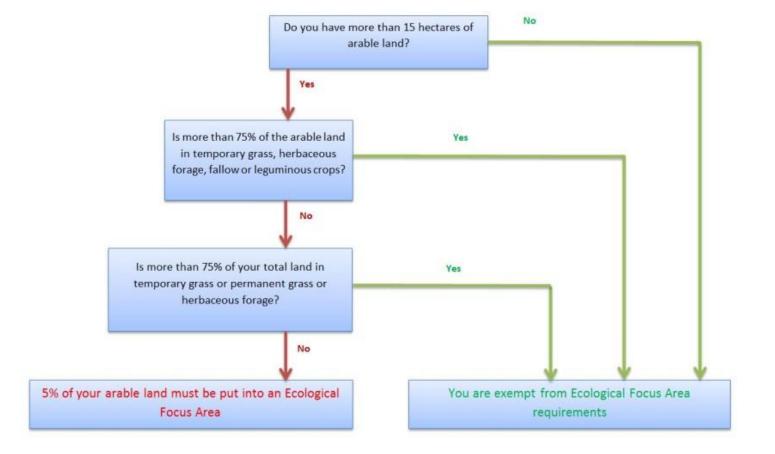
Key Findings

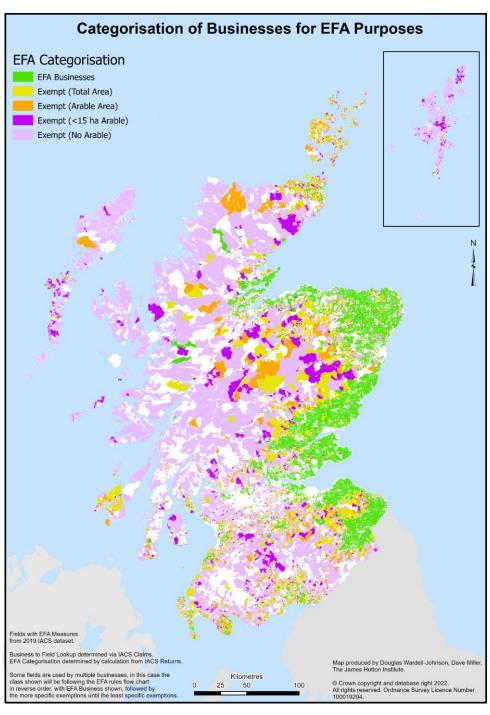


- Field based measures
 - Dominance of fallow lessened over time but not an option for Enhanced Conditionality (so what will replace these?)
 - Non-fallow, more limited uptake
- Margin measures preferred, some regional specialisation to margins
- **Field and Margins** combined small number of cases
- Region (stronger) and Farm Type (weaker) variations for mix of measures
 - NE (fallow), Borders/Lothian (margins)
 - Cereals/General cropping margins (catch/cover secondary) Livestock not margins (practicality?)
 - Bigger deviations from areas expected for Regions and Farm Types with smaller EFA
- Small numbers of measures per business simplicity?
 - Count = most are single measure, Area = most are primary and secondary+
- Implications for Enhanced Conditionality?

Business Categorisation by EFA Status

This map shows the whole extent of those businesses with an EFA requirement and other businesses with arable that are exempted (area or crop mix) and businesses with no arable.



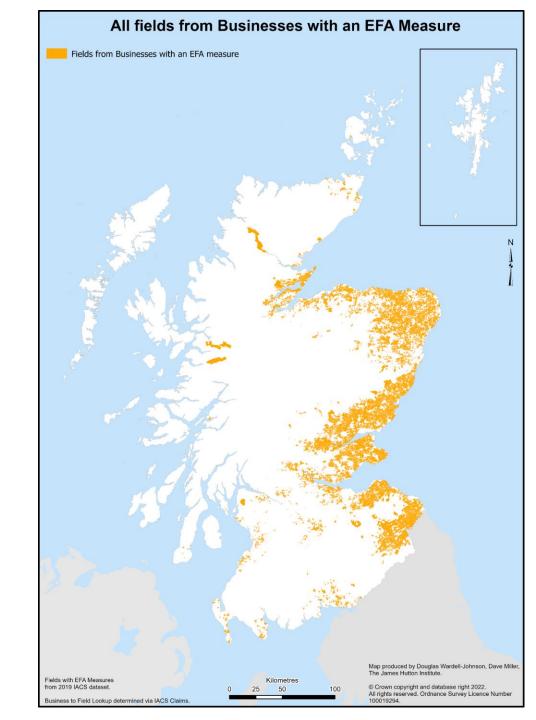


EFA Measures: Where are they being used?

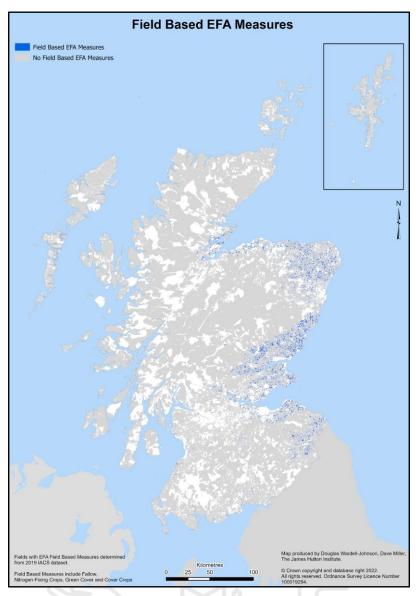
This map shows the whole extent of those businesses with an EFA measure.

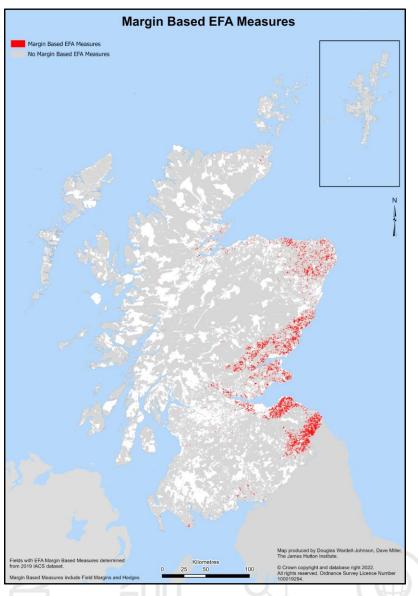
Context

- Land area of Scotland 7.8M ha
- All SAF population n= 19,292, polygon area 6.49M ha
- Direct Payments population, n= 17,383, paid on area
 3.9M ha
- EFA implementing population, n=3,470, paid on area 0.71 M ha
 - 90% of arable area
 - 25,685 land parcels with measures field, margin, or both



EFA Measures: Margin based and Field based





The map on the left shows the use of field measures, such as fallow or nitrogen fixing crops.

Hutton

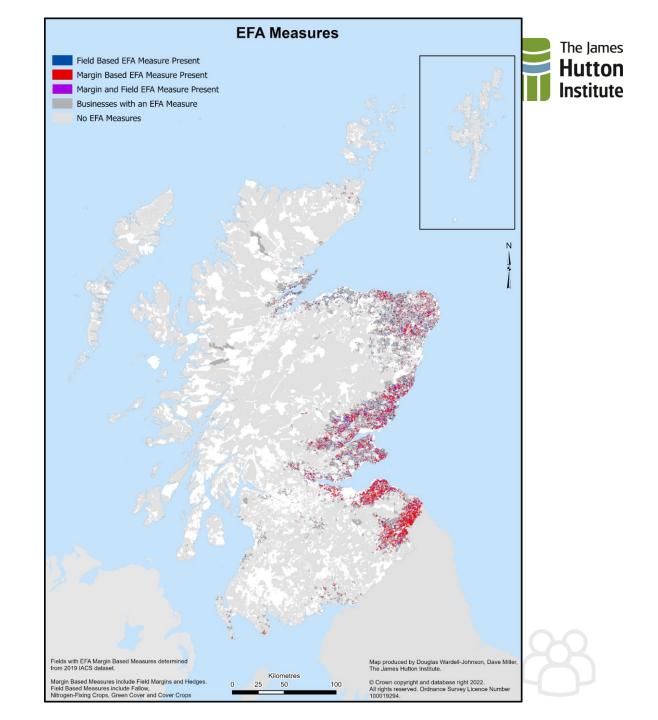
The map on the right shows the fields with margin based measures, such as field margins or hedges.

Counts

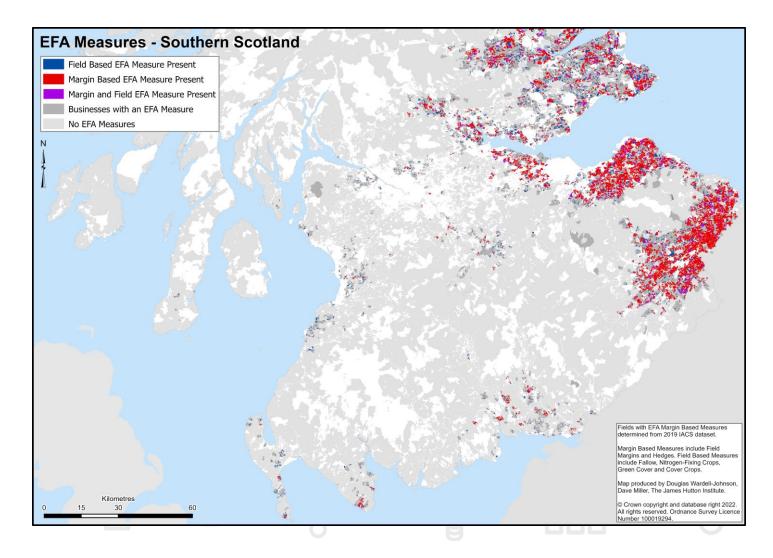
Field = 10,748
Field (not fallow) = 2,108
Margins = 17,457
Both field and margins = 2520 (included above)

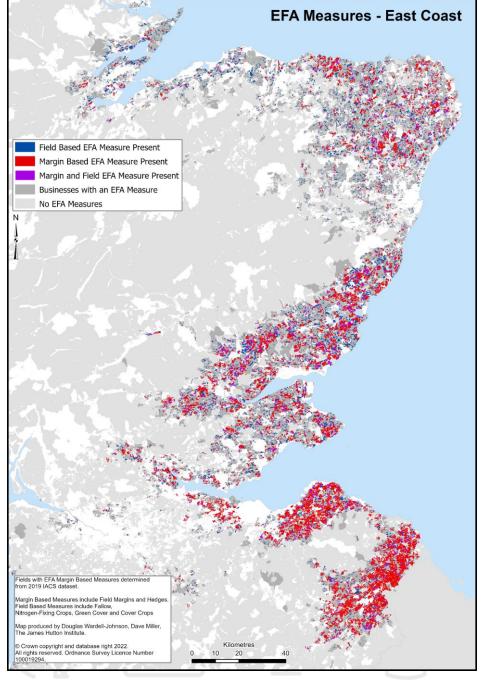
Combined map

- Map as previous field and margin based measures.
- Distinguishing all the fields in businesses with EFA requirements (as shown in Slide 3) from all IACS fields.
- Trying to highlight the degree of concentration of EFA measures at two levels:
 - the proportion of all EFA business fields that see measures and
 - the mix of EFA and non-EFA businesses/fields.



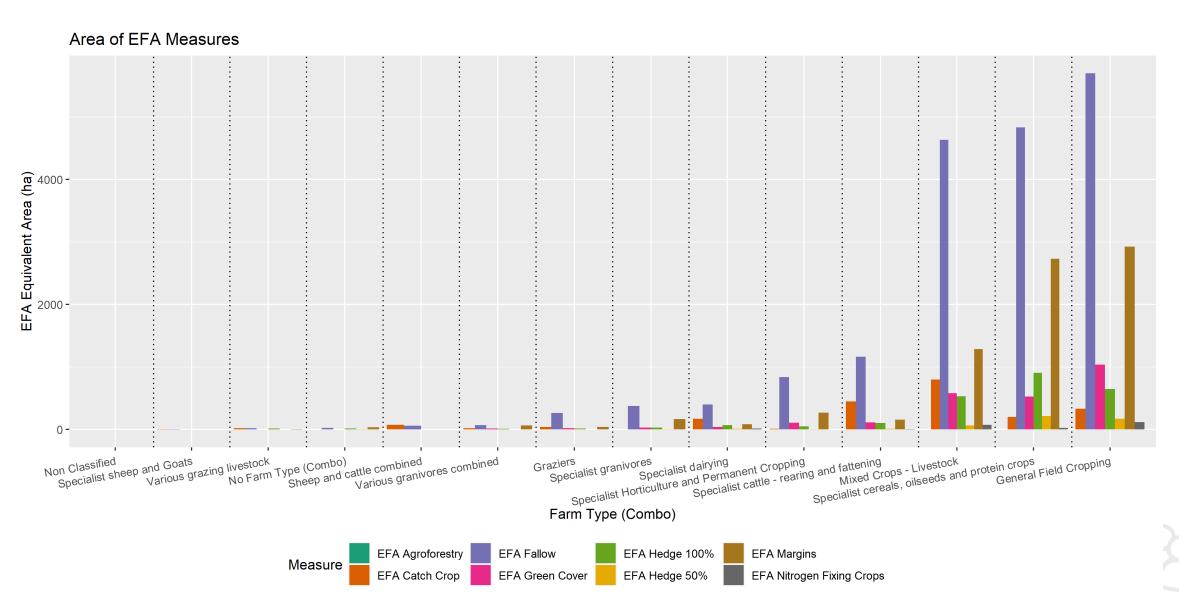
EFA Measures – Regional Scale





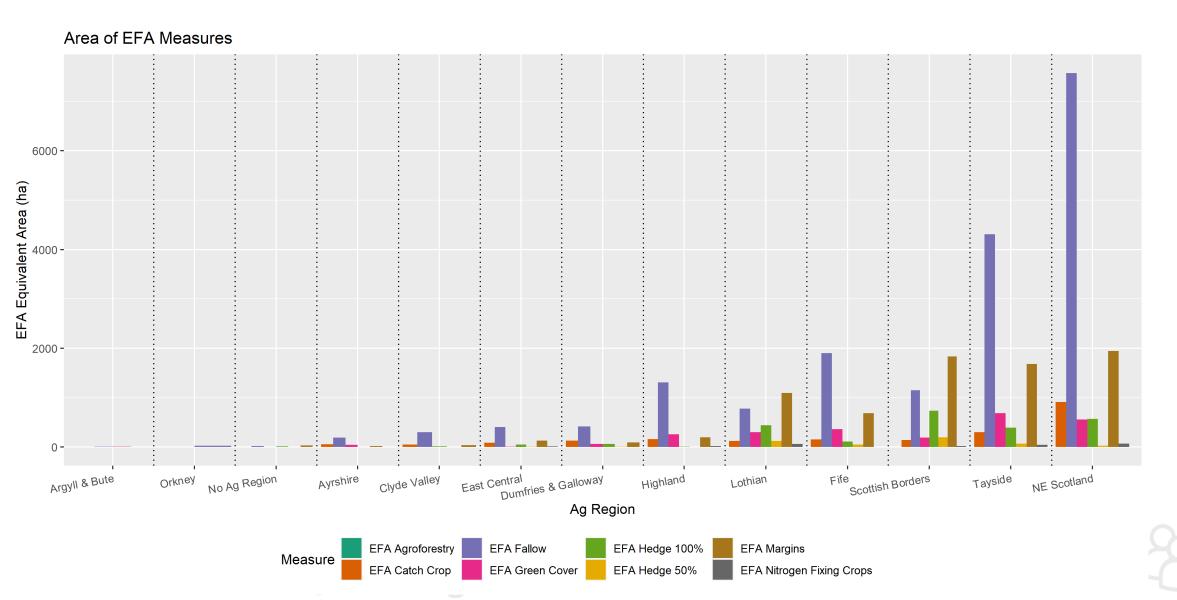
EFA Measures Area by Farm Type





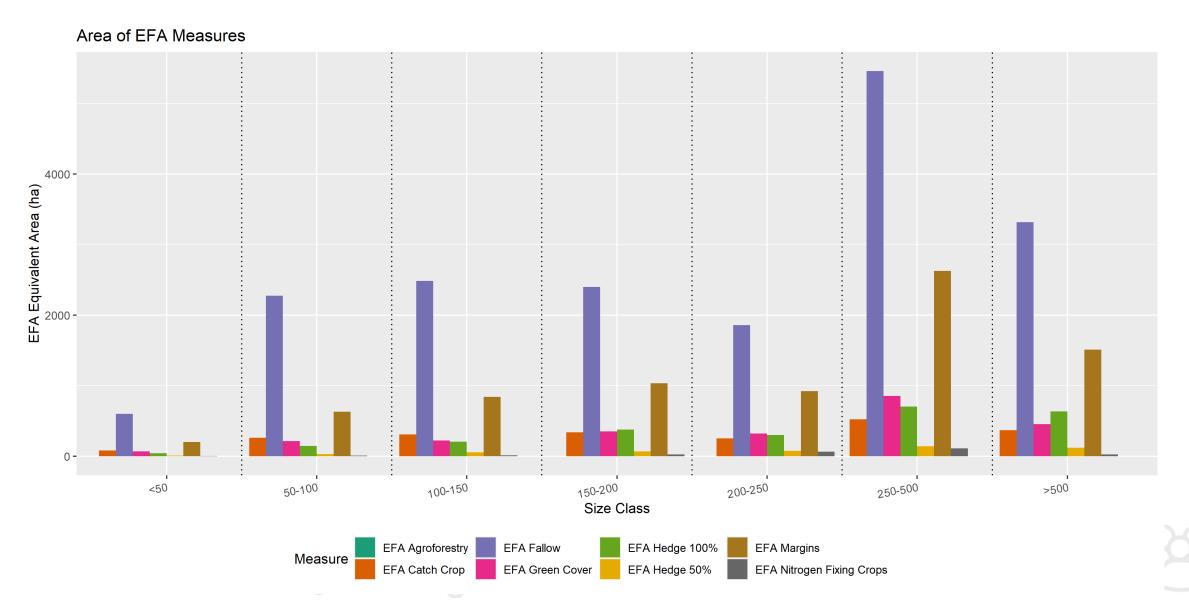
EFA Measures Area by Ag Region





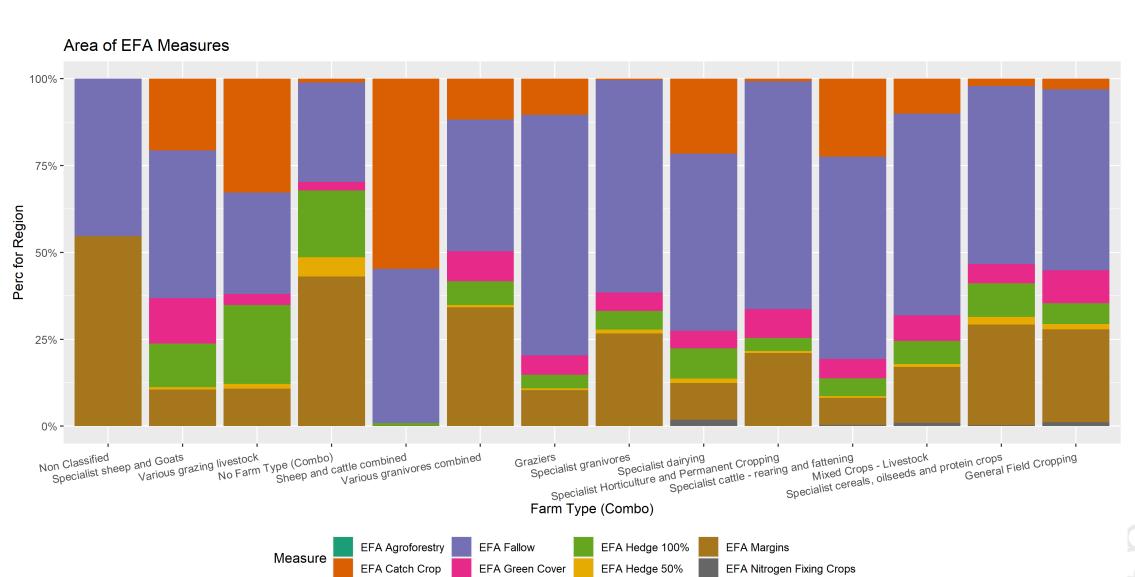
EFA Measures Area by Size Class





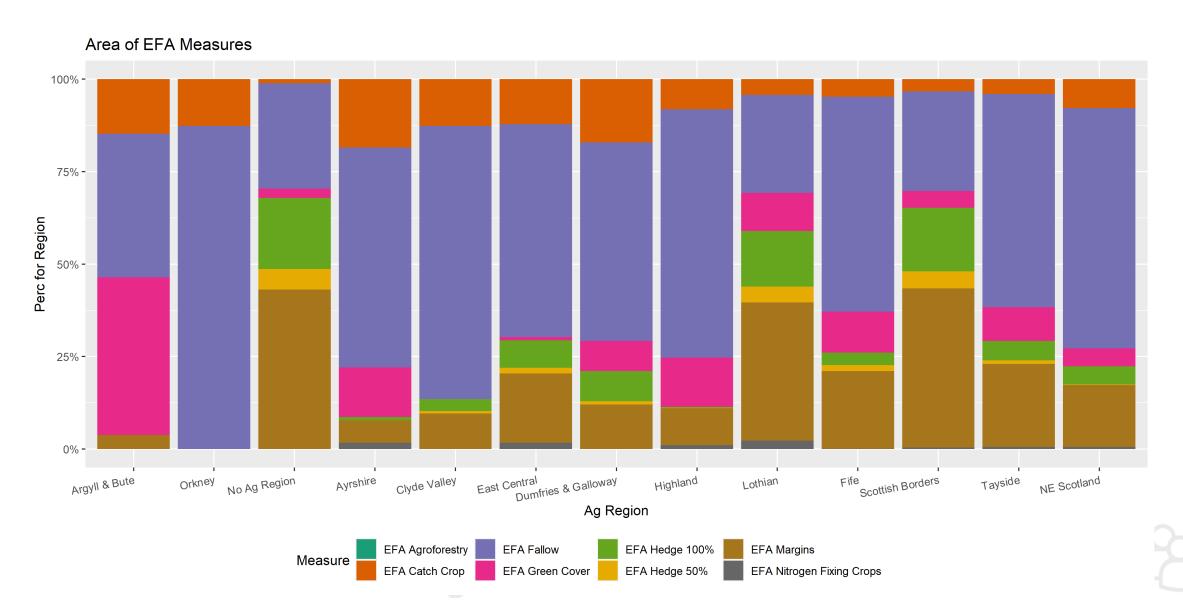
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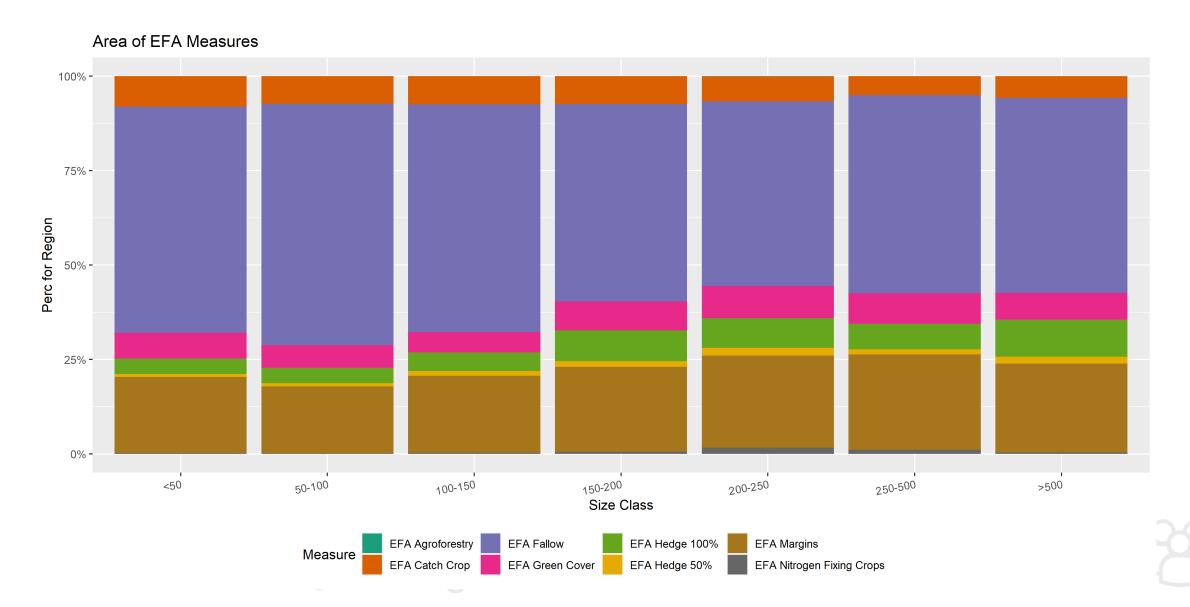
EFA Measures Area by Ag Region





EFA Measures Area by Size Class





EFA Measure Usage by Farm Type (ha)

This graph shows what measures are used proportionally more often per farm type. The farm types closer the top of the graph have more BPS area.

General field cropping is the largest area on this graph.

Note the contrast between mix of measures for cropping, cereals and livestock.

EFA Measure proportional usage (ha) Proportion against expected usage based on total area General Field Cropping Mixed Crops - Livestock Specialist cereals, oilseeds and protein crops Specialist cattle - rearing and fattening Specialist Horticulture and Permanent Cropping Specialist dairying Specialist granivores Graziers Sheep and cattle combined Various granivores combined No Farm Type (Combo) Various grazing livestock Specialist sheep and Goats Non Classified 1000 Difference in area from expected area (ha) **EFA Agroforestry** EFA Hedge 100%

EFA Nitrogen Fixing Crops













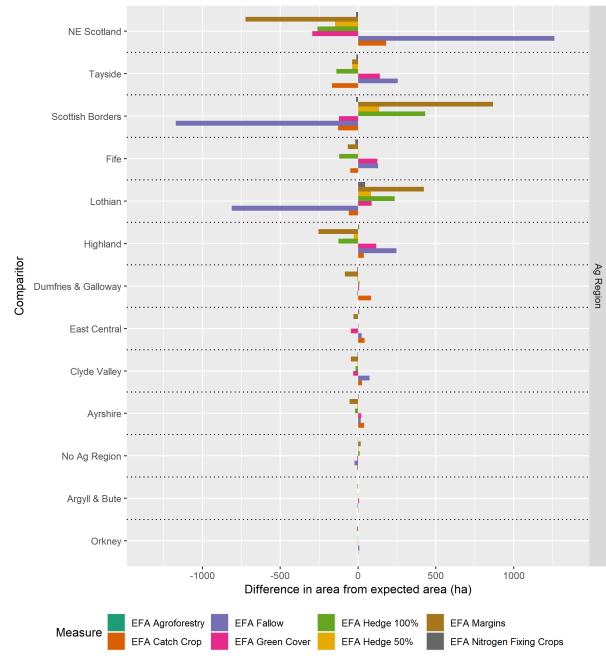
EFA Measure Usage by Ag Region (ha)

This graph shows what measures are used proportionally more often per agricultural region. The farm types closer the top of the graph have more BPS area.

Note these regions are based on the June Census returns, so are based on the location of the main location code, rather than the land.

EFA Measure proportional usage (ha)















EFA Measure Usageby Size Class (ha)

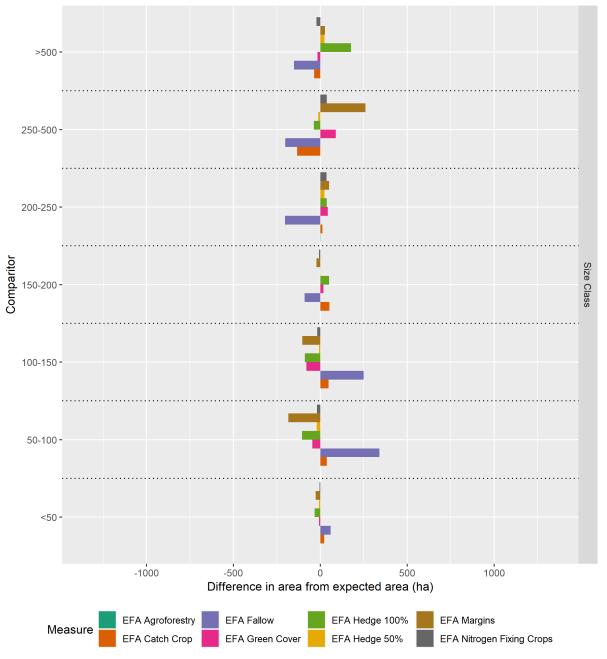
This graph shows what measures are used proportionally more often per agricultural region. The farm types closer the top of the graph have more BPS area.

Fallow appears to be preferred amongst smaller businesses, with other measures being preferred on larger ones.

The compact nature of the graph is to make it comparable to the previous graphs, all three in this series are on the same scale.

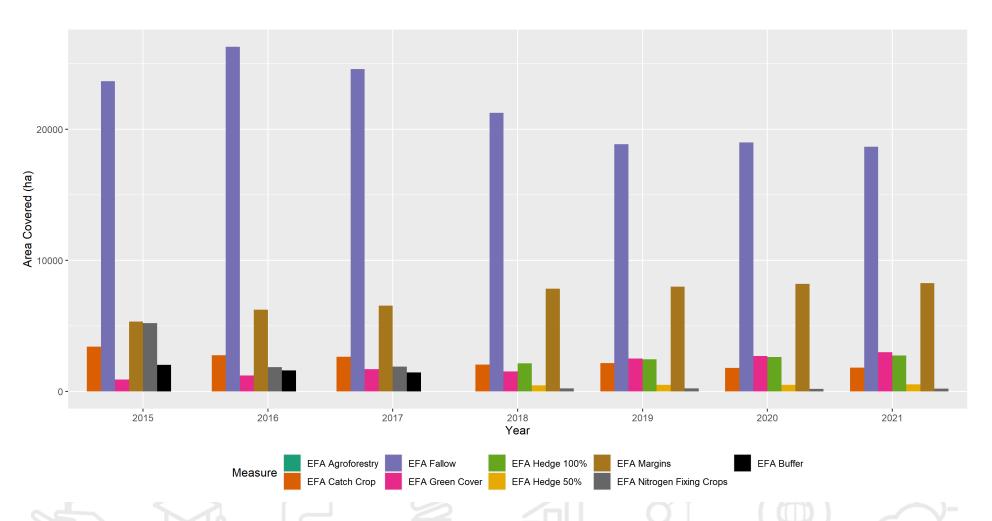
EFA Measure proportional usage (ha)





Use of EFA Measures over time



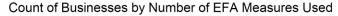


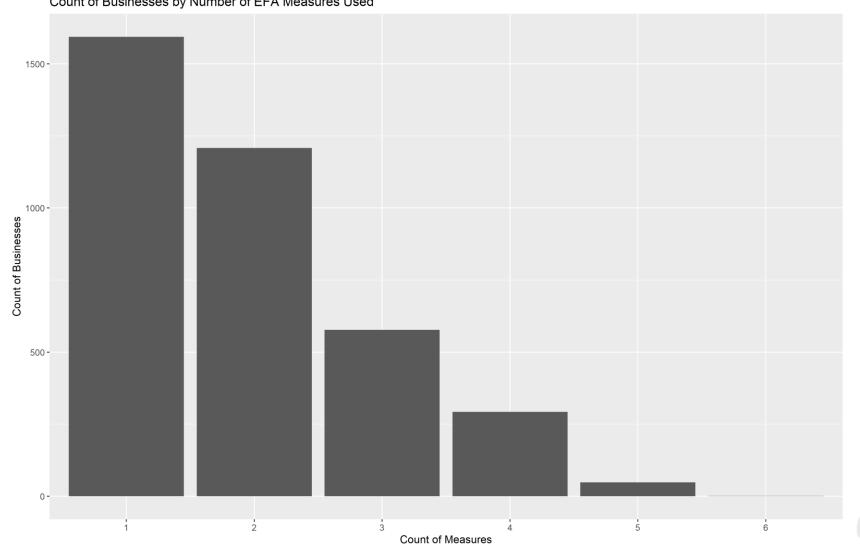
Note the Rules for exemption and the multipliers for each different EFA Type vary by year.

The numbers shown indicate the ha equivalent for that year.

Count of Different EFA Measures by **Business**







The number of measures used per business.

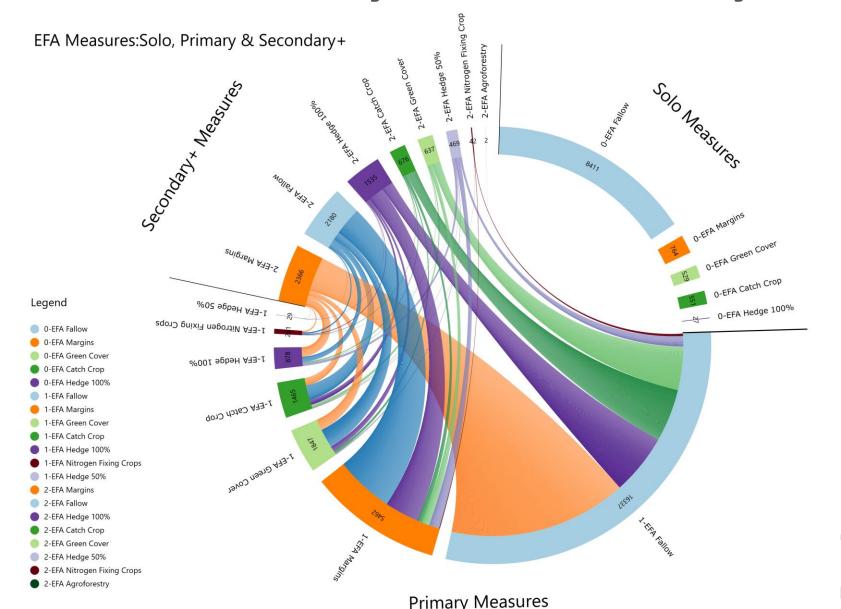
Generally, more businesses are using a smaller number of measures to meet their requirement.





Solo, Primary and Secondary+ Measures





Visualising the mix of EFA measures present - where only one done alone (Solo), then the biggest when more than one present (Primary) and those done as second to sixth largest measures (Secondary+).

The chart shows the relative extents (ha) of each as the outer segments.

The links show the mix of Secondary EFAs associated with each of the Primaries.







Options for Additional Work



- Concentration (i.e. Field level count of measures) count of fields in which measures are done versus the total number of fields where measures could be done "sacrifice" areas or spread them out to have small impacts in wide areas?
- Change in mix of EFA measures over time using Scotland level totals.
- Comparison with set aside which fields.
- Transitions analysis equivalent of rotations at field level or activity mix per business.

Appendix – additional graphs



- EFA measure deviation from expected as percentage
 - Farm type
 - Region
 - Size class



















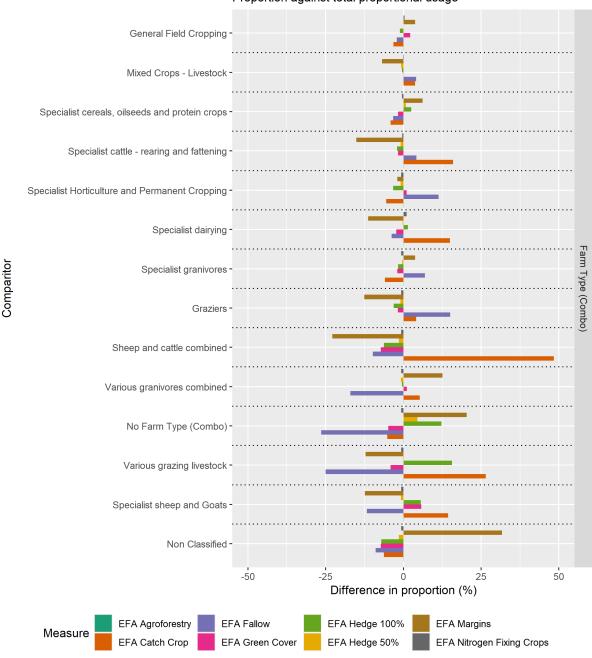


EFA Measure Usage by Farm Type

This graph shows what measures are used proportionally more often per farm type. The farm types closer the top of the graph have more BPS area.

General field cropping is the largest area on this graph, and has a different makeup compared to the other classes.

EFA Measure proportional usage Proportion against total proportional usage











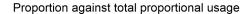


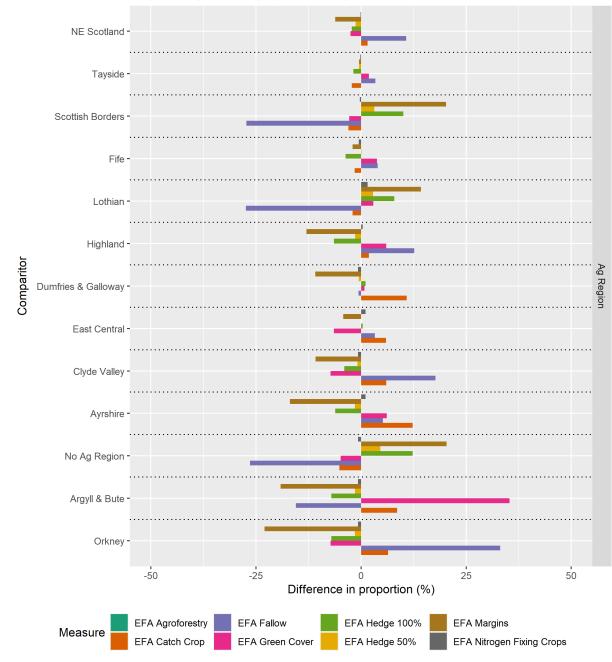
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EFA Measure proportional usage















EFA Measure Usage by Size Class

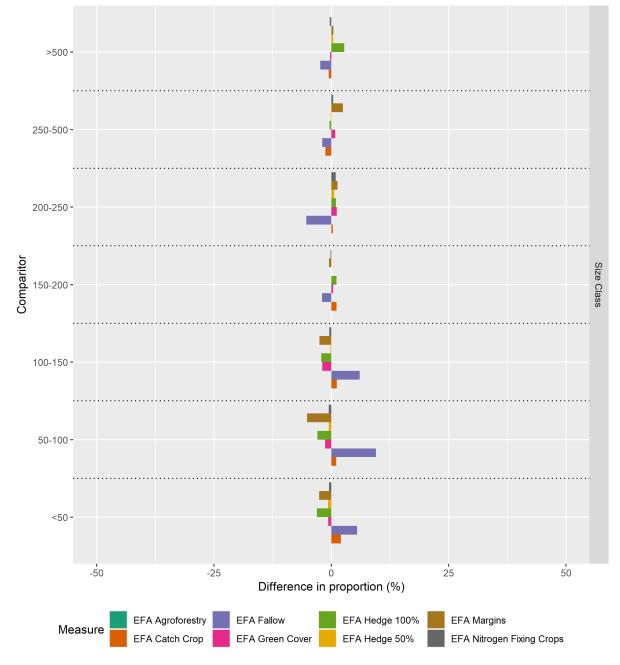
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EFA Measure proportional usage

Proportion against total proportional usage



Contact – Keith Matthews, The James Hutton Institute, Aberdeen, AB15 8QH, Tel - +44 (0)1224 395271, Email – keith.matthews@hutton.ac.uk

Previous related analyses are also available from the Hutton Land Systems Research Team website https://ics.hutton.ac.uk/research/land-systems-research-team/

The sets of slides and maps generated by the CAP 2014-19 analysis is available from https://ics.hutton.ac.uk/research/land-systems-research-team/cap-analysis/

For woodland expansion analysis see - online mapping and paper.

Further research in the RESAS Strategic Research Programme 2022-27, in the Land Use Transformations (C3-JHI-1) and Land Reform (E3-JHI-1) projects in the SRP.

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